



## Corrigendum to

# Aerosol impacts on California winter clouds and precipitation during CalWater 2011: local pollution versus long-range transported dust published in Atmos. Chem. Phys., 14, 81–101, 2014

J. Fan<sup>1</sup>, L. R. Leung<sup>1</sup>, P. J. DeMott<sup>2</sup>, J. M. Comstock<sup>1</sup>, B. Singh<sup>1</sup>, D. Rosenfeld<sup>3</sup>, J. M. Tomlinson<sup>1</sup>, A. White<sup>4</sup>, K. A. Prather<sup>5</sup>, P. Minnis<sup>6</sup>, J. K. Ayers<sup>7</sup>, and Q. Min<sup>8</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Climate Physics, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, WA 99352, USA

<sup>2</sup>Department of Atmospheric Science, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO, 80523, USA

<sup>3</sup>Institute of Earth Sciences, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, 91904 Israel

<sup>4</sup>NOAA/ESRL, R/PSD2, 325 Broadway, Boulder, CO 80305, USA

<sup>5</sup>Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, Scripps Institution of Oceanography, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, CA 92093-0314, USA

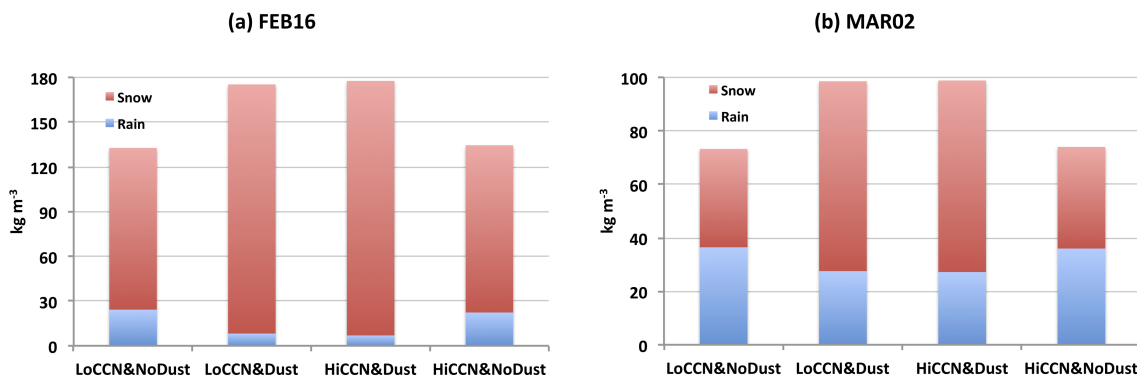
<sup>6</sup>NASA Langley Research Center (LaRC), Hampton, VA, USA

<sup>7</sup>Science Systems and Applications Incorporated, Hampton, VA, USA

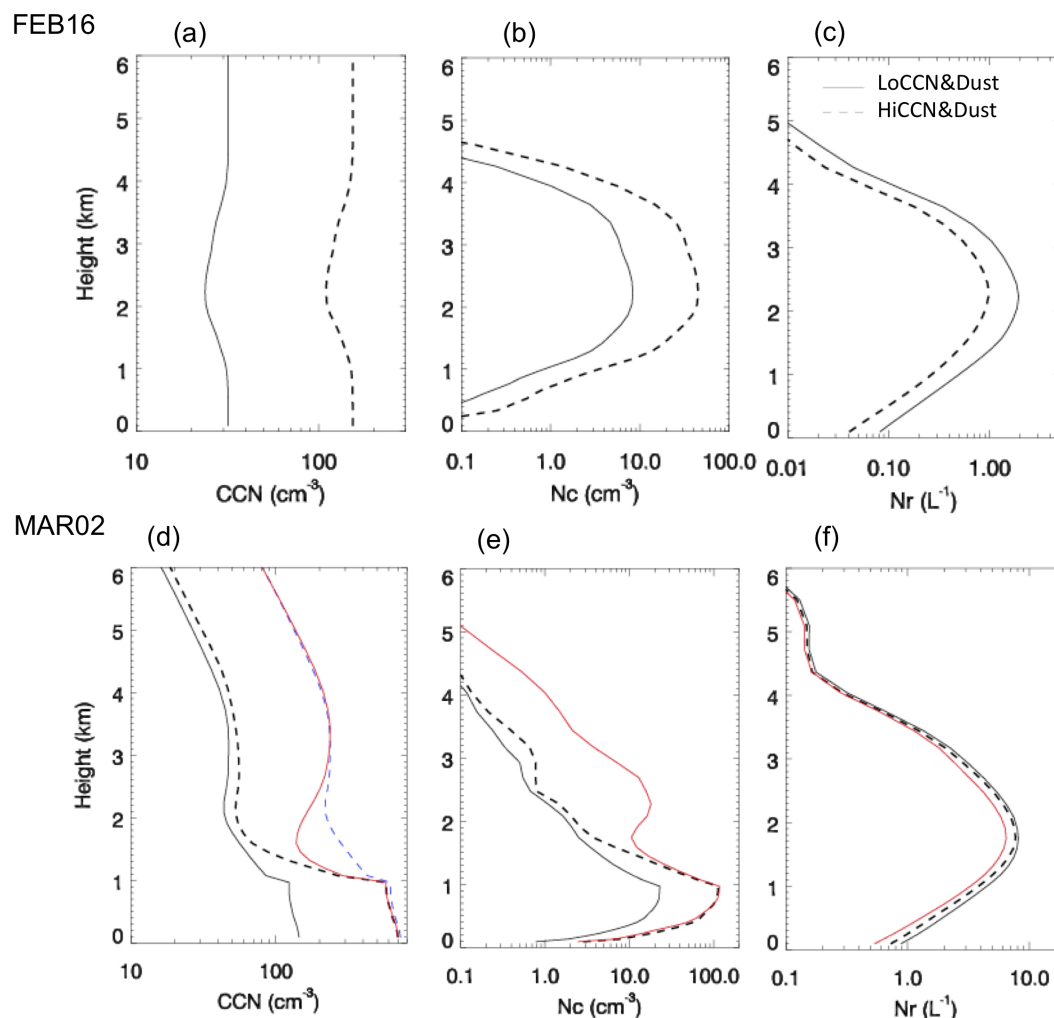
<sup>8</sup>Atmospheric Sciences Research Center, State University of New York at Albany, Albany, NY 12203, USA

Correspondence to: J. Fan (jiwen.fan@pnl.gov)

In the paper “Aerosol impacts on California winter clouds and precipitation during CalWater 2011: local pollution versus long-range transported dust” by J. Fan et al., wrong versions of Fig. 8 and Fig. 12 were published. Please find the correct figures below.



**Fig. 8.** Total rain (blue) and snow (red) mass concentrations at the lowest model level ( $\sim 50$  m above terrain height) summed over the domain 2 and during the day (00:00–23:00 UTC) from all the simulations shown in x-axis for (a) FEB16 and (b) MAR02.



**Fig. 12.** Vertical profiles of CCN,  $N_c$ , and  $N_r$  from LoCCN&Dust (black solid line) and HiCCN&Dust (black dashed line) for FEB16 (a, b, c) and MAR02 (d, e, f). The red line denotes a sensitivity run that is based on HiCCN&Dust but with polluted CCN concentrations at the southern and western boundaries. The data are averaged over the regions where the elevated CCN are applied in HiCCN&Dust (i.e., land with sea levels < 200 m) during 00:00–23:00 UTC. The dashed blue line in (d) for MAR02 denotes the increase of CCN from base-run conditions (black line) by 5 times.