

## Corrigendum to

## "Dicarboxylic acids, metals and isotopic compositions of C and N in atmospheric aerosols from inland China: implications for dust and coal burning emission and secondary aerosol formation" published in Atmos. Chem. Phys., 10, 6087–6096, doi:10.5194/acp-10-6087-2010, 2010.

## G. Wang<sup>1</sup>, M. Xie<sup>2</sup>, S. Hu<sup>2</sup>, S. Gao<sup>2</sup>, E. Tachibana<sup>3</sup>, and K. Kawamura<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>State Key Laboratory of Loess and Quaternary Geology, Institute of Earth Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Xi'an 710075, China

<sup>2</sup>State Key Laboratory of Pollution Control and Resources Reuse, Nanjing University, Nanjing 210093, China
<sup>3</sup>Institute of Low Temperature Science, Hokkaido Unversity, Sapporo 060-0819, Japan

In the article "Dicarboxylic acids, metals and isotopic compositions of C and N in atmospheric aerosols from inland China: implications for dust and coal burning emission and secondary aerosol formation" there is a mistake in the unit of PAHs in Fig. 7c and d which should be  $ng m^{-3}$ , rather  $\mu g m^{-3}$ .



**Fig. 7.** Correlation of Pb with sulfate and PAHs in the  $PM_{10}$  of Baoji city during winter and spring (Sulfate data are cited from Wang et al. (2009a), and PAH data are cited from Xie et al. (2009)).



*Correspondence to:* G. Wang (wanggh@ieecas.cn)