

Notes on MICROSCOPIC CRYSTALS included in some Minerals.

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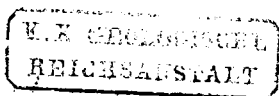
During some years past I have given much attention to the examination of minerals under the microscope, and some of the observations were published in the Proceedings of the Academy in 1866.

About a year since, in the examination of a thin fractured piece of a large *garnet* from North Carolina, I was surprised to observe a number of very minute acicular crystals, which generally took two or three directions. This induced me to examine more closely into the varieties of *garnets* which were accessible to me, and supposing these crystals might have been observed by others, I referred to the principal works on mineralogy which have been published in France, Germany and in this country.

In none of these have I found any mention of these inclusions. But in that excellent work "Repertoire D'Optique Moderne," by M. l'Abbé Moigno, where he treats of *optical mineralogy*, I found that he states M. Babinet to have examined "*star garnets*" (*Granats asteriques*) some with four and some with six branches. He says that the *star garnets* with four branches are not very rare,—20 to 30 in 1000 to 1200—but that the star of six rays he found only one in 6000 specimens. Whether the *filaments* or *fibers*, as M. Babinet calls the asteroid reflections, are the same as the acicular crystals observed by me I cannot say, but certainly these latter are more common so far as my observation has extended, and I have observed no asterisms whatever.

In 154 specimens of Bohemian polished *garnets*, I found 48 with acicular crystals! This far exceeds the proportion stated by M. Babinet.

In the precious garnet from Green's Creek, Delaware Co., Penn., (uncut specimens), I found in the close examination of 310 specimens that 75 were



possessed of acicular crystals, being nearly 25 per cent.—a very much larger percentage than mentioned by M. Babinet. Of the Brazilian *Pyrope* I examined 40 specimens. They were very pure and free from spots and cavities. I could not find a single acicular crystal in any one of them.

In *Essonite* I found no acicular crystals in the few specimens which I had it in my power to examine, nor in *grossularite*, *ouvarovite*, *colophonite* or *massive manganesian garnet*.

*Cinnamon-stone* from Dixon's, near Wilmington, Del., was carefully examined in nearly 60 specimens, none of which showed any trace of acicular crystallization.

*Spinelle ruby*, of which I examined 28 specimens, produced no microscopic crystallized forms.

It will be difficult to ascertain what composes these microscopic crystals in garnets, but they may prove to be *rutile* when chemical analysis shall be able to resolve the difficulty.