



Lyapunov vectors and attractor dimension exploration in a three layer quasi geostrophic model

Waheed Iqbal (1), Abdel Hannachi (1), Christian Franzke (2), and Andrey Gritsun (3)

(1) Department of Meteorology (MISU), Bolin Centre for Climate Research, Stockholm University Sweden, (2) Meteorological Institute, Center for Earth System Research and Sustainability University of Hamburg, Germany, (3) Institute of Numerical Mathematics Russian Academy of Sciences, Russia

The understanding of extratropical low frequency variability (LFV) has vital importance to improve the predictability of weather. Idealized models provide opportunity to explore the theoretical concepts effectively, and hence can be applied to study the extratropical LFV. The three layer model of quasi-geostrophic potential vorticity (Marshall and Molteni, 1993) has been used to explore the long-term predictability. The predictability is measured by the computation of Lyapunov exponents which provide an indication of the chaoticity of the dynamical system. In this study we present the results for the circulation regimes, Lyapunov exponent spectrum and the attractor dimension from a quasi-geostrophic three layer model.