



Detailed spatiotemporal monitoring of the V_p/V_s within the focal zone

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Estimation of the elastic parameters of the crust - V_p/V_s , Poisson ratio etc. are usually provided by the means of the tomographic methods.

Recently, a so-called double-difference approach have been developed to analyse the V_p/V_s of the area where the events are clustered. Double-difference methods are working not with the events separately, but with the pairs of events which are located close together, but are distant enough from the stations so we can assume their ray-paths to the stations are outside the cluster identical. With sufficient number of event pairs and precisely measured delay times between P and S wave arrivals of these event pairs the above mentioned methods allow us to determine the local V_p/V_s within the cluster.

We modified proposed process to analyse the local V_p/V_s in space and time at once. At first we divide all the events of the activity into the clusters reflecting the evolution of the swarm and the locations of the earthquakes and only then we apply the method to estimate the V_p/V_s .

The first results of the 2014 activity in the West Bohemia/Vogtland earthquake swarm area (three separate mainshock-aftershock sequences) show lower values of V_p/V_s at the beginning of the activity- down to 1.6 and increasing V_p/V_s for the aftershock sequences - up to 1.73.