Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 16, EGU2014-13098, 2014 EGU General Assembly 2014 © Author(s) 2014. CC Attribution 3.0 License.



Comparing apples and oranges: the Community Intercomparison Suite

Nick Schutgens (1), Philip Stier (1), and Stephen Pascoe (2)

(1) University of Oxford, AOPP, Physics, Oxford, United Kingdom, (2) Centre of Environmental Data Archival STFC Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Harwell, United Kingdom

Visual representation and comparison of geoscientific datasets presents a huge challenge due to the large variety of file formats and spatio-temporal sampling of data (be they observations or simulations). The Community Intercomparison Suite attempts to greatly simplify these tasks for users by offering an intelligent but simple command line tool for visualisation and colocation of diverse datasets. In addition, CIS can subset and aggregate large datasets into smaller more manageable datasets. Our philosophy is to remove as much as possible the need for specialist knowledge by the user of the structure of a dataset. The colocation of observations with model data is as simple as: "cis col <native observation files> <variable name>:<native simulation files>:<options>" which will resample the simulation data to the spatio-temporal sampling of the observations, contingent on a few user-defined options that specify a resampling kernel.

CIS can deal with both gridded and ungridded datasets of 2, 3 or 4 spatio-temporal dimensions. It can handle different spatial coordinates (e.g. longitude or distance, altitude or pressure level). CIS supports both HDF, netCDF and ASCII file formats. The suite is written in Python with entirely publicly available open source dependencies. Plug-ins allow a high degree of user-moddability. A web-based developer hub includes a manual and simple examples. CIS is developed as open source code by a specialist IT company under supervision of scientists from the University of Oxford as part of investment in the JASMIN superdatacluster facility at the Centre of Environmental Data Archival.