On the age of the upper part of La Valute Limestone (Carnic Alps)

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The Lower Devonian sequence at La Valute cave is about 8 meters thick and includes the boundary of La Valute Limestone and Findenig Limestone (Fig. 1). It is represented by pelagic limestones yielding thin shelled brachiopods, gastropods, some crinoid stem-plates and filaments. Along this section nine samples (each between 3-5 kg) were collected. Nearly all of them yielded conodonts. Very rich faunas were obtained from the lowermost samples LV/1 and LV/2. Except from the simple cone taxa (Belodella resima and Pseudooneotodus beckmanni) several ozarkodinid taxa occur, which designate the upper part of the La Valute Limestone to the mid Lochkovian delta Zone. Species like Lanea eoeleonorae, L. telleri, Flajsella sigmostygia, Ancyrodelloides aff. A. transitans, some types related to the genus 'Ozarkodina' (Zieglerodina sensu Murphy et al. 2004) and Ozarkodina excavata excavata were found. In the first sample specimens of Flajsella occur which cannot be assigned to Flajsella sigmostygia with certainty, as some features have more affinity to Flajsella schulzei. VALENZUELA-RÍOS & MURPHY (1997) discussed not only the stratigraphic value of this genus, but also evaluated the possibility of distinctive apparatus-elements which might belong to each of the four species that they discriminated. It seems that some apparatus-elements can be confirmed within our samples. Furthermore it appears, that elements which were described as "Apparatus A" by MASTANDREA (1985) might also belong to the apparatus of Flajsella. Additionally, the assignment of specimens belonging to Ancyrodelloides is difficult, because most of the Pa elements are broken, or the basal cavity hidden by the fragile basal plate. One Pa element shows a bifurcation of one of the lateral processes (in lower view) so that - even though all processes of this specimen are broken - it might belong to Ancyrodelloides kutscheri. However, most important for stratigraphical designation of the unit is the occurrence of Lanea telleri, which is restricted to the upper part of the mid Lochkovian (compare Murphy & Valenzuela-Ríos 1999). The conodont assemblage yielded in the samples clearly points to Lochkovian, but it seems that only samples of the La Valute Limestone can be assigned to the delta Zone. In samples LV/7 and LV/9 elements of Pedavis cf. P. pesavis were found indicating the base of the *pesavis* Zone.

References:

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Fig. 1: The log across the La Valute Lst – Findenig Lst boundary includes conodont ranges documented from nine samples taken (LV/1-LV/9). A-D. Photos of the section taken in the cave continue from the stratigraphically younger to older strata. The position of the formation-boundary is located between sample 7 and 8 (compare B).

