

Type area: ÖK50-UTM, map sheet 4215 Eisenerz (ÖK 50-BMN, map sheets 101 Eisenerz and 131 Kalwang).

Type section: Not indicated in the literature.

Reference section(s): -

Derivation of name: After the lithology and the mass occurrence of crinoids.

Synonyms: Partim "Crinoiden führende Bänderflaserkalke" (SCHÖNLAUB, 1982a).

Lithology: Grey and pink crinoid bearing flaser limestone (SCHÖNLAUB, 1976, 1979, 1982a).

Fossils: Crinoids, conodonts.

Origin, facies: Shelf deposits (?).

Chronostratigraphic age: Llandovery/Wenlock.

Biostratigraphy: *amorphognathoides* conodont zone.

Thickness: 15 m.

Lithostratigraphically higher rank unit: -

Lithostratigraphic subdivision: -

Underlying unit(s): Volcanics; Polster Quartzites (SCHÖNLAUB, 1992; not illustrated in Text-Fig. 2).

Overlying unit(s): Black Lydites, Alaun Schists.

Lateral unit(s): Red Sparitic Limestone.

Geographic distribution: E-GWZ; Styria, Eisenerzer Alpen.

Remarks: -

Complementary references: -

Rote Sparitkalke / Red Sparitic Limestone

FRITZ EBNER

Validity: Invalid; not formalized working term; first description by FLAJS & SCHÖNLAUB (1976).

Type area: ÖK50-UTM, map sheet 4215 Eisenerz (ÖK-BMN, map sheet 101 Eisenerz).

Type section: Ca. 45 m above the bend (N 47°31'44" / E 14°58'03") of the Knappensteig (trail from Präbichl Pass to Leobner Hütte) at the ridge separating the Polsterkar and the Polster S-slope (ÖK50-UTM, map sheet 4215 Eisenerz, ÖK50-BMN, map sheet 101 Eisenerz).

Reference section(s): -

Derivation of name: According to the predominant lithological character.

Synonyms: Partim "Silur Transgressionsbildungen" (SCHÖNLAUB, 1977b).

Lithology: Pinkish-grey, massive sparry limestone with mm-thick irregular greenish flaser textures in the lower parts and metasomatically mineralized by iron-carbonate ("Rohwand") in the hanging parts (FLAJS & SCHÖNLAUB, 1976).

Fossils: Conodonts.

Origin, facies: Transgression deposits.

Chronostratigraphic age: Llandovery (SCHÖNLAUB, 1997b).

Biostratigraphy: *Icriodina cf. irregularis* and *Distomodus staurognathoides* indicate Aeronian stage (FLAJS & SCHÖNLAUB, 1976).

Thickness: 3 m.

Lithostratigraphically higher rank unit: -

Lithostratigraphic subdivision: -

Underlying unit(s): Cystoid Limestone.

Overlying unit(s): Orthoceratid Limestone.

Lateral unit(s): -

Geographic distribution: E-GWZ; Styria: Polsterkar in the Eisenerzer Alpen.

Remarks: The lower part of the Red Sparitic Limestone is composed of 60 cm sandy shales (FLAJS & SCHÖNLAUB, 1976: Fig. 3).

Complementary references: TOLLMANN (1977), SCHÖNLAUB (1979, 1980a, 1982a), EBNER et al. (1989), SCHÖNLAUB & HEINISCH (1993).

Orthocerenkalk / Orthoceratid Limestone

FRITZ EBNER

Validity: Invalid; working term used as local (lithostratigraphic) unit (SCHÖNLAUB, 1982a).

Type area: Eisenerzer Alpen, ÖK50-UTM, map sheet 4215 Eisenerz, ÖK50-BMN, map sheet 101 Eisenerz.

Type section: Not defined.

Reference section(s): -

Derivation of name: After the occurrence of orthoceratid nautilioids.

Synonyms: Orthocerenkalke der Rotschütt (FLAJS et al., 1963), "Kalke der Handalm" (FLAJS, 1964, 1967).

Lithology: Thick bedded grey – dark grey and rarely pinkish sparry limestones, sometimes with nautilioids.

Fossils: Nautilioids, conodonts, crinoids, trilobites, filaments.

Origin, facies: Pelagic environment.

Chronostratigraphic age: Silurian, (?) Wenlock–Ludlow.

Biostratigraphy: *ploekensis* Zone to *silericus* Zone (FLAJS et al., 1963; FLAJS, 1964, 1967; FLAJS & SCHÖNLAUB, 1976).

Thickness: 24 m.

Lithostratigraphically higher rank unit: -

Lithostratigraphic subdivision: -

Underlying unit(s): Red Sparitic Limestone (FLAJS & SCHÖNLAUB, 1976).

Overlying unit(s): Lower Polster Limestone.

Lateral unit(s): Black Lydites, Alaun Schists and the "Mischfazies", an intermediate facies between the Orthoceratid Limestone and the Black Lydites, Alaun Schists (SCHÖNLAUB, 1982a).

Geographic distribution: E-GWZ: Styria, Eisenerzer Alpen.

Remarks: -

Complementary references: TOLLMANN (1977) SCHÖNLAUB (1979, 1980a), EBNER et al. (1989), SCHÖNLAUB & HEINISCH (1993).

Schwarzer Kieselschiefer, Alaunschiefer / Black Lydites, Alaun Schists

FRITZ EBNER

Validity: Invalid; working term used as local (lithostratigraphic) unit (SCHÖNLAUB, 1982a).

Austrian Stratigraphic Chart 2004 - Paleozoic

(sedimentary successions)

