

THE Ca-ESKOLA COMPONENT OF ECLOGITIC CPX AS A FUNCTION OF P-T
AND BULK COMPOSITION: AN EXPERIMENTAL STUDY TO 12 GPa

KONZETT, J. ¹ & PROYER, A. ²

¹Institut für Mineralogie und Petrographie, Universität Innsbruck, Innrain 52, A-6020 Innsbruck, Austria

²Institut für Erdwissenschaften, Universität Graz, Universitätsplatz 2/II, A-8010 Graz, Austria
e-mail: juergen.konzett@uibk.ac.at

In recent years an increasing number of high-P metamorphic localities has been described where Cpx contains oriented needles/rods of quartz/coesite with or without Cam (ZHANG et al., 2005 and references therein). These inclusions are often taken as UHP-indicators and are ascribed to the presence in solid solution of a Cpx $\text{Ca}_{0.5}\square_{0.5}\text{AlSi}_2\text{O}_6$ (Ca-Eskola pyroxene CaEsk) under high P that decomposes through a reaction $2 \text{Ca}_{0.5}\square_{0.5}\text{AlSi}_2\text{O}_6 \rightarrow \text{CaAl}_2\text{SiO}_6 + 3 \text{SiO}_2$ during exhumation. To study the conditions under which Cpx incorporates CaEsk_{ss}, we performed experiments in the P-T range 6 - 12 GPa and 950 - 1500 °C using bulk composition 95-1C of TSAI & LIOU (2000) that contains Cpx with oriented quartz-rods. Cpx analyses were normalized to 6 ox. and $\text{Fe}_{\text{tot}} = \text{FeO}$ which yields a minimum amount of CaEsk_{ss}. From 6 - 12 GPa, Cpx in the assemblage Grt + SiO₂ ± Rt does not show any significant deviation from 4.00 cations / 6 oxygens. This is thought to be due to the absence of a suitable Al-buffer phase that allows the formation of CaEsk_{ss} through a reaction such as $\text{Ca}_3\text{Al}_2\text{Si}_3\text{O}_{12} + 2 \text{Al}_2\text{SiO}_5 + 7 \text{SiO}_2 = 6 \text{Ca}_{0.5}\square_{0.5}\text{AlSi}_2\text{O}_6$. To test this hypothesis, two additional bulks were used representing 95-1C + 10 and 25 wt% Ky added. At 6 GPa / 950 °C, Cpx in 95-1C + 25 % Ky coexists with Grt + Ky + Coe + Rt and shows a significant non-stoichiometry with 3.950 ± 0.007 (n = 10) cat / 6 ox, corresponding to 10 mol% CaEsk_{ss}. 95-1C + 10 % Ky does not form Ky at 6 GPa / 950 °C and produces Cpx + Grt + Coe + Rt that only shows a slight deviation from ideal stoichiometry with 3.987 ± 0.006 (n = 10) cat / 6 ox corresponding to 3 mol% CaEsk_{ss}. At 6 GPa / 1200 °C, CaEsk_{ss} increases to 14 and 11 mol% and at 7 GPa / 950 °C, Cpx in 95-1C + 25 % Ky and 95-1C + 10 % Ky has 9 and 5 mol% CaEsk_{ss} respectively. Providing that breakdown of CaEsk_{ss} is responsible for oriented SiO₂-inclusions in Cpx, then this study indicates that (1) an Al-buffer phase such as Ky or Phe is required to generate significant CaEsk_{ss} in Cpx of metabasic eclogites and, hence, (2) that eclogites with oriented SiO₂-inclusions in Cpx did contain Ky or Phe at least during a part of their prograde P-T history.

References

- ZHANG, L., SONG, S., LIOU, J., AI, Y & LI, X. (2005): *Am. Min.*, 90, 181-186.
TSAI, C.-H. & LIOU, J. (2000): *Am. Min.*, 85, 1-8.