

Reference section(s): Bischofalm, Tristanköpfel (SCHÖNLAUB, 1969a); Mount Findenig (PÖLSLER, 1969a).

Derivation of name: After Mount Hoher Trieb (SCHÖNLAUB, 1969a).

Synonyms: Formazione di Monte Lodin (SELLI, 1963); "20m-Bank" (PÖLSLER, 1969a: Tab. 1, 4, p. 366); gebankte Kalke mit Lydit (PÖLSLER, 1969a: Tab. 1, 4, p. 366); Blockhorizont (PÖLSLER, 1969a: Tab. 4, p. 369); massiger Kalk mit verkieselten Korallen (PÖLSLER, 1969a: Tab. 1); Hoher Trieb-Kalk (SCHÖNLAUB, 1981); tentaculite pelagic limestone [partim] (SPALLETTA & VENTURINI, 1989); Hoher Trieb Formation (HÜNEKE, 2006: p. 154).

Lithology: Flaser and platy limestone with clay and chert layers (KREUTZER, 1992b).

Fossils: Cephalopods, conodonts, corals, crinoids, trilobites, stromatoporoids; silicified corals and stromatoporoids of Mount Findenig are known since FRECH (1894).

Origin, facies: Marine limestone, pelagic unit (Pelagic Carbonate Facies).

Chronostratigraphic age: Eifelian–Givetian (age constraint follows the conodont analysis and zonation from equivalent strata of Mount Findenig by PÖLSLER, 1969a: Tab. 1).

Biostratigraphy: -

Thickness: 30–40 m.

Lithostratigraphically higher rank unit: -

Lithostratigraphic subdivision: -

Underlying unit(s): Findenig Limestone (conformable contact).

Overlying unit(s): Pal Limestone (unconformable contact).

Lateral unit(s): Freikofel Limestone, Pal Limestone, Valentin Limestone.

Geographic distribution: Carnic Alps.

Remarks: -

Complementary references: SCHÖNLAUB (1991), VAI (1998), SCHÖNLAUB & HISTON (2000), SCHÖNLAUB et al. (2004).

Valentin-Kalk / Valentin Limestone

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Validity: Invalid; the name of this unit was introduced on the map of SCHÖNLAUB (1971–1973); conodont stratigraphy by SCHÖNLAUB (1980b) and GÖDDERTZ (1982); lithological description by SCHÖNLAUB (1985a); mentioned by KREUTZER (1990, 1992a); summary of unit is provided by KREUTZER (1992b: p. 30–31); facies analysis (HÜNEKE, 2001, 2006; SCHÖNLAUB et al., 2004: p. 59).

Type area: ÖK50-UTM, map sheets 3109 Oberdrauburg, 3110 Kötschach-Mauthen, 3111 Spittal an der Drau, 3116 Sonnenalpe Naßfeld, 3117 Nötsch im Gailtal (ÖK50-BMN, map sheets 197 Kötschach, 198 Weißbriach, 199 Hermagor).

Type section: -

Reference section(s): Obere Valentinalm, Wolayer "Glaier" section (SCHÖNLAUB et al., 2004: p. 59); sections 13 km NE of Paluzza (Malpasso, Poccis, Pramosio, Rio Boreado) (PERRI & SPALLETTA, 1998a: p. 116, 118, 119).

Derivation of name: After the Valentin Törl between Lake Wolayer the Valentin Valley (SCHÖNLAUB, 1980b: p. 45).

Synonyms: "Grauer Styliolinien-Flaserkalk" (BANDEL, 1974: p. 96); Pramosio calcirudite (SPALLETTA & PERRI, 1998a).

Lithology: Well bedded limestones (wackestone), nodular phosphorite horizon (at Givetian/Frasnian boundary).

Fossils: Brachiopods, conodonts, echinoderms, gastropods, ostracods, styliolinids, trilobites (SCHÖNLAUB et al., 2004: p. 59).

Origin, facies: Marine limestone, Pelagic Carbonate Facies (POHLER & SCHÖNLAUB, 2001).

Chronostratigraphic age: Eifelian–Givetian.

Biostratigraphy: *costatus* to lower *hassi* conodont zones (GÖDDERTZ, 1982; SCHÖNLAUB et al., 2004: p. 60–61).

Thickness: 15 m.

Lithostratigraphically higher rank unit: -

Lithostratigraphic subdivision: -

Underlying unit(s): Findenig Limestone (conformable contact).

Overlying unit(s): Pal Limestone (unconformable contact).

Lateral unit(s): Hohe Trieb Formation, Zollner Formation.

Geographic distribution: Carnic Alps.

Remarks: -

Complementary references: PÖLSLER (1969a, b), BANDEL & BECKER (1975), SCHÖNLAUB (1985b, 1999), JOACHIMSKI et al. (1994), SCHÖNLAUB & KREUTZER (1994b), PERRI & SPALLETTA (1998a), SPALLETTA & PERRI (1998b), SCHÖNLAUB & HISTON (2000), VENTURINI (2006), HÜNEKE (2007), BRIME et al. (2008).

Feldkogel-Kalk / Feldkogel Limestone

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Validity: Invalid; known since FRECH (1887); observed by BANDEL (1972); facies analysis by KREUTZER (1992a); included within the summary of the Variscan carbonate sequences in the Carnic Alps (KREUTZER, 1992b).

Type area: ÖK50-UTM, map sheets 3109 Oberdrauburg, 3110 Kötschach-Mauthen, 3111 Spittal an der Drau, 3116 Sonnenalpe Naßfeld, 3117 Nötsch im Gailtal (ÖK50-BMN, map sheets 197 Kötschach, 198 Weißbriach, 199 Hermagor).

Type section: -

Reference section(s): Feldkogel south of the village of Gundersheim (KREUTZER, 1992a: p. 272), N 46°37'16" / E 13°07'23".

Derivation of name: After Mount Feldkogel (KREUTZER, 1992a).

Synonyms: Dolomitische Schichten des Pollinigg (FRECH, 1887: p. 690).

Lithology: Algal laminite with dolomite layers (KREUTZER, 1992b).

Fossils: Conodonts, foraminifers, ostracods, stromatolites.

Origin, facies: Marine limestone, intertidal, neritic unit (Northern Shallow-water Facies).

Chronostratigraphic age: Eifelian–Upper Devonian.

Biostratigraphy: Upper Devonian is based on the occurrence of *Palmatolepis* sp. from sediments of the Mooskofel (KREUTZER, 1990).

Austrian Stratigraphic Chart 2004 - Paleozoic

(sedimentary successions)

